Finger Painting

Though most finger paints are non-toxic, remind your child that it is not meant for eating.

How do we do it?

What Do We Need?

- √ Shirt to cover clothing
- √ Plastic table cloth
- √ Washable finger paint
- √ Finger paint paper
- ✓ Q-Tips, sponge, tongue depressor, and other tools

- 1. Wet the piece of finger paint paper.
- Spread the paint and encourage or demonstrate how to make designs on paper.
- 3. If child is reluctant to touch the paint, give him an implement (Q-Tips, sponge, tongue depressor, etc.) to use.



What's in it for us?

- Finger painting develops fine motor skills by exercising the small muscles of the hand.
- Being creative helps children learn about themselves and it develops the right side of the brain.